

1. Ayatollah Khomeini (Iran)	coming out of exile he became supreme religious leader in Iran who opposed Western influence in the country;rioted every major Iranian city by 1978; was able to successfully drive the shah out and was able to establish an Islamic state and to export Iran;s militant form of Islam; had strong anti-US policies, seizing the US embassy in Tehran, holding US citizens hostage, and later encouraged Muslim radicals everywhere to overthrow their secular governments.	16. Islamic state	A government that uses its political power to uphold Islam
2. Capitalism	an economic and political system in which a country's trade and industry are controlled by private owners for profit, rather than by the state. Free Enterprise	17. Jimmy Carter (1977-1981)	a. Camp David Accords (1978) b. Iranian Revolution/Oil Crisis (1979) c. SALT II (1979) d. Iranian hostage crisis (1979-1981)
3. censorship	restriction on access to ideas and information	18. Persian Empire	A major empire that expanded from the Iranian plateau to incorporate the Middle East from Egypt to India; flourished from around 550 to 330 B.C.E.
4. Cinema Rex in Abadan	On Aug 19 1978. 477 Iranians die in a deliberately set fire in a theater.	19. Persian Gulf	This body of water separates the Arabian peninsula from the more mountainous land of Persia
5. civilian	a person who is not in the military	20. Politics	Method of maintaining, managing, and gaining control of government (who gets what, when, and how)
6. coup	the violent overthrow of a government by a small group; a victorious accomplishment	21. Prime Minister	the head of an elected government; the principal minister of a sovereign or state.
7. currency	money	22. revenue	incoming money:income
8. economy	A system for producing and distributing goods, and services to fulfill people's wants	23. Rial	money unit of Iran
9. Farsi	Language of Iran	24. Saddam Hussein	President of Iraq from 1979 to 2003. Waged war on Iran in 1980-1988. In 1990 he ordered an invasion of Kuwait but was defeated by United States and its allies in the Gulf War (1991). Defeated by US led invasion in 2003.
10. Impeachment	A formal document charging a public official such as a President with misconduct in office.Approved by a majority of the House of Representatives.	25. sanction	official permission or approval
11. Inflation	a general increase in prices and fall in the purchasing value of money.	26. Secular	Non-religious
12. Iran flight 655	July 3, 1988, a U.S. Navy ship called the Vincennes was exchanging fire with small Iranian ships in the Persian Gulf. The U.S. mistaken-ed the plane for a fighter get and shot it down killing 290 civilian passengers.	27. Shah of Iran (1941-1979)Mohammad Reza Pahlavi	Great friend of the US for two and a half decades but Iranians want to nationalize their oil and improve economy, sparks Iranian Revolution and Shah is overthrown (1979) He fled Iran and died in Egypt in 1980.
13. Iran Hostage Crisis (1979)	American hostages taken by US hating Shiites upon Shah's flight from uprising, botched rescue attempts	28. Shia Muslims	Believe that the leader of the Islamic faith should be a direct descendant of the prophet Muhammad.
14. Iran Iraq war	The war began when Iraq invaded Iran on September 22 1980 following a long history of border disputes and fears of Shia insurgency among Iraq's long suppressed Shia majority influenced by Iran's Islamic revolution.	29. Socialism	A system in which society, usually in the form of the government, owns and controls the means of production.
15. Iran Revolution	Shah got overthrown, islamic state put in power, hostage crisis	30. Sunni	A branch of Islam whose members acknowledge the first four caliphs as the rightful successors of Muhammad
		31. Tehran	Capital of Iran
		32. White Revolution (1963)	Policy of the shah's to rapidly modernize and westernize Iran